## **Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation**

- (1) Specify the reasons why the FDIC should reconsider its disapproval; and
- (2) Set forth relevant, substantive and material documents, if any, that for good cause were not previously set forth in the notice required to be filed pursuant to section 32 of the FDIA (12 U.S.C. 1831).

#### § 308.154 Decision on review.

- (a) Within 30 days of receipt of the request for review, the Board of Directors or its designee, shall notify the bank and/or the individual filing the reconsideration (hereafter "petitioner") of the FDIC's decision on review
- (b) If the decision is to grant the review and approve the notice, the bank and the individual involved shall be so notified.
- (c) A denial of the request for review pursuant to section 32 of the FDIA shall:
- (1) Inform the petitioner that a written request for a hearing, stating the relief desired and the grounds therefore, may be filed with the Executive Secretary within 15 days after the receipt of the denial; and
- (2) Summarize or cite the relevant considerations specified in § 308.152.
- (d) If a decision is not rendered within 30 days, the petitioner may file a request for a hearing within fifteen days from the date of expiration.

# $\S 308.155$ Hearing.

- (a) Hearing dates. The Executive Secretary shall order a hearing to be commenced within 30 days after receipt of a request for a hearing filed pursuant to §308.154. Upon request of the petitioner or the FDIC, the presiding officer or the Executive Secretary may order a later hearing date.
- (b) Burden of proof. The ultimate burden of proof shall be upon the candidate for director or senior executive officer. The burden of going forward with a prima facie case shall be upon the FDIC.
- (c) Hearing procedure. (1) The hearing shall be held in Washington, DC or at another designated place, before a presiding officer designated by the Executive Secretary.
- (2) The provisions of  $\S\S 308.06$  through 308.12, 308.16, and 308.21 of the Uniform Rules and  $\S\S 308.101$  through 308.102, and 308.104 through

- 308.106 of subpart B of the Local Rules shall apply to hearings held pursuant to this subpart.
- (3) The petitioner may appear at the hearing and shall have the right to introduce relevant and material documents and make an oral presentation. Members of the FDIC enforcement staff may attend the hearing and participate as representatives of the FDIC enforcement staff.
- (4) There shall be no discovery in proceedings under this subpart.
- (5) At the discretion of the presiding officer, witnesses may be presented within specified time limits, provided that a list of witnesses is furnished to the presiding officer and to all other parties prior to the hearing. Witnesses shall be sworn, unless otherwise directed by the presiding officer. The presiding officer may ask questions of any witness. Each party shall have the opportunity to cross-examine any witness presented by an opposing party. The transcript of the proceedings shall be furnished, upon request and payment of the cost thereof, to the petitioner afforded the hearing.
- (6) In the course of or in connection with any hearing under paragraph (c) of this section the presiding officer shall have the power to administer oaths and affirmations, to take or cause to be taken depositions of unavailable witnesses, and to issue, revoke, quash, or modify subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum. Where the presentation of witnesses is permitted, the presiding officer may require the attendance of witnesses from any state, territory, or other place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States at any location where the proceeding is being conducted. Witness fees shall be paid in accordance with §308.14 of the Uniform Rules.
- (7) Upon the request of the applicant afforded the hearing, or the members of the FDIC enforcement staff, the record shall remain open for five business days following the hearing for the parties to make additional submissions to the record.
- (8) The presiding officer shall make recommendations to the Board of Directors or its designee, where possible, within fifteen days after the last day

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for the parties to submit additions to the record.

(9) The presiding officer shall forward his or her recommendation to the Executive Secretary who shall promptly certify the entire record, including the recommendation to the Board of Directors or its designee. The Executive Secretary's certification shall close the record.

- (d) Written submissions in lieu of hearing. The petitioner may in writing waive a hearing and elect to have the matter determined on the basis of written submissions.
- (e) Failure to request or appear at hearing. Failure to request a hearing shall constitute a waiver of the opportunity for a hearing. Failure to appear at a hearing in person or through an authorized representative shall constitute a waiver of hearing. If a hearing is waived, the order shall be final and unappealable, and shall remain in full force and effect.
- (f) Decision by Board of Directors or its designee. Within 45 days following the Executive Secretary's certification of the record to the Board of Directors or its designee, the Board of Directors or its designee shall notify the affected individual whether the denial of the notice will be continued, terminated, or otherwise modified. The notification shall state the basis for any decision of the Board of Directors or its designee that is adverse to the petitioner. The Board of Directors or its designee shall promptly rescind or modify the denial where the decision is favorable to the petitioner.

### Subpart M—Procedures and Standards Applicable to an Application Pursuant to Section 19 of the FDIA

# § 308.156 Scope.

The rules and procedures set forth in this subpart shall apply to an application filed pursuant to section 19 of the FDIA (12 U.S.C. 1829) by an insured depository institution and a person, who has been convicted of any criminal offense involving dishonesty or a breach of trust or who has agreed to enter into a pretrial diversion or similar program in connection with the prosecution of such offense, to seek the prior written consent of the FDIC to become or continue as an insti-

tution-affiliated party with respect to an insured depository institution; to own or control directly or indirectly an insured depository institution; or to participate directly or indirectly in any manner in the conduct of the affairs of an insured depository institution

#### § 308.157 Relevant considerations.

- (a) In proceedings under §308.156 on an application to become or continue as an institution-affiliated party with respect to an insured depository institution; to own or control directly or indirectly an insured depository institution; or to participate directly or indirectly in any manner in the conduct of the affairs of an insured depository institution, the following shall be considered:
- (1) Whether the conviction or entry into a pretrial diversion or similar program is for a criminal offense involving dishonesty or breach of trust;
- (2) Whether participation directly or indirectly by the person in any manner in the conduct of the affairs of the insured depository institution constitutes a threat to the safety or soundness of the insured depository institution or the interests of its depositors, or threatens to impair public confidence in the insured depository institution:
- (3) Evidence of the applicant's rehabilitation;
- (4) The position to be held by the applicant:
- (5) The amount of influence and control the applicant will be able to exercise over the affairs and operations of the insured depository institution;
- (6) The ability of the management at the insured depository institution to supervise and control the activities of the applicant:
- (7) The level of ownership which the applicant will have at the insured depository institution:
- (8) Applicable fidelity bond coverage for the applicant; and
- (9) Additional factors in the specific case that appear relevant.
- (b) The question of whether a person, who was convicted of a crime or who agreed to enter a pretrial diversion or similar program, was guilty of that